

A Review on Visual Art Using Python and OpenCV

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Abstract - Video tracking and processing have become increasingly important in modern technologies. This data can be utilized for a variety of research projects or to represent a specific outcome on a certain system. To obtain the desired outcome, a variety of methods for data processing and manipulation are available. This painting program was made. To construct an image, we have used the OpenCV package, MediaPipe library package, Python programming language and the CNN model, which is a machine learning tool. This application uses the OpenCV library to process real-time webcam data. To follow the fingertip and allow the user to write by moving the hand makes drawing or writing simple. And the CNN model makes the gesture detection easier.

Key Words: OpenCV, Python, MediaPipe, CNN

1. INTRODUCTION

Nowadays, human-machine interaction is mainly done through mouse, keyboard, remote control, touch screen and other means of direct contact, while human-to-human communication is basically done by more natural and intuitive means without contact, such as sound and physics. movement. Communicating by natural and intuitive non-contact means is generally considered flexible and effective; Therefore, many researchers have tried to make machines identify intentions and other information through non-contact ways like humans, such as sounds, facial expressions, body movements, and gestures. Among them, gestures are the most important part of human language, and its gestures also play a very important role in human communication. They are considered the easiest means of communication between humans and computers. Gesture recognition has many applications, including sign language recognition, robotics, and more. Gesture recognition can be simply classified into two methods based on the devices used to record gestures: wearable sensor-based methods and optical camera-based methods. These devices are used in wearable sensing methods that affect the naturalness of user interactions, and they are also expensive. In optical camera-based methods, an optical camera is used to record a set of images to capture gesture movements at a distance. These optical cameras recognize gestures by analyzing visual information extracted from captured images.

Hence, they are also known as user-computer vision-based. Human-Computer Interaction (HCI) technology is widely used. OpenCV itself has played a role in the evolution of computer vision by allowing thousands of people to do

more productive work within vision. With an emphasis on real-time vision. It provides readers with assistance in implementing computer vision and computer algorithms by providing many coded working examples to get started. OpenCV, allows readers to quickly do interesting and interesting things in computer vision. It provides an intuitive understanding of how algorithms work, to help guide readers in the design and debugging of visual applications, and to facilitate understanding and memorization of formal descriptions on computer vision and machine learning algorithms in other texts. Gesture recognition methods such as pattern matching or finite state machines are often used, where high classification rates can also be achieved. However, only specific gestures can be recognized using the above methods. Recent trends in computer vision techniques are easier, more natural, and less expensive. The convex hull detection algorithm recognizes finger gestures on the hull and can identify every fingertip position of a human hand. It can receive more gesture information and has potential benefits.

1.1 Visual Art System

Video tracking and processing have become extremely important in current technology. The fingertip is initially detected and motions are recognised with the aid of OpenCV, Media Pipe, CNN, and Python. This data may be utilised for a variety of research projects or to convey a certain outcome on a system. It allows users to sketch by moving their hands, which makes drawing simple objects both fun and complex. For the deaf and hard of hearing, this technology will be a valuable tool for communication.

2. Literature Review

Fotini Patrona, Ioannis Mademlis and Ioannis Pitas [1] proposed a Unmanned Aerial Vehicles (UAVs, or drones) with cameras have revolutionized various application sectors, with organisation drones' regularly enhancing cognitive autonomy paving the path for excellent robotization of each day life. During a mission, dynamic cooperation of UAVs with human collaborators is common, which has triggered a number of techniques for high-degree UAV-operator interaction. Hand gestures are an excellent method to make an prolonged way off drone manage easier, and that they've given upward push to new gesture languages for visible conversation among operators and independent UAVs. This studies examines all of the triumphing languages, in addition to important gesture popularity datasets for training device gaining knowledge of

models, that is probably finished or were generated for this purpose. All styles of gesture languages are used in this project. More effective and smooth to use UAV vehicles. The virtual virtual digital virtual digital camera used are costly. Any damage withinside the virtual virtual digital virtual digital camera, the UAV vehicle wont come across the gesture language. For gold ultra-modern gesture-based totally definitely really in truth human-drone interaction The area of UAV-oriented gesture languages and datasets grow to be investigated in this paper. Surprisingly, the languages that exist are each built for manned aerial vehicles, or they've got a very slender shape of packages in nature, but the relevant datasets which is probably currently available are Task-particular and impractical, to say the least. As a result, a more massive language is wanted grow to be shown, which grow to be created for high-degree communication. t may be used as a foundation for any virtual virtual digital virtual digital camera-prepared UAV dealing with jobs whilst moreover bearing in thoughts smooth and ordinary future extension to masses of more particular scenarios/profiles tailor-made for particular software program application software software program software domains and/or more UAV equipment. The endorsed language and dataset were every successfully validated, with experimental evaluation relying on modern Deep Neural Network-based totally definitely really in truth approaches.

Ayush Tripathi, Arnab Kumar Mondal, Lalan Kumar¹ and Prathosh A.P.[2] The hassle of detecting letters produced in free vicinity with finger movement is called airwriting popularity. It's essentially a subset of gesture popularity in which the gesture vocabulary correlates to letters in a selected language. The encoder weights are frozen and a kind head is knowledgeable withinside the following diploma. Experiments on a publicly available dataset further to a dataset acquired in our lab using a separate device show off the efficacy of the proposed strategy. Experiments have been finished in every supervised and unsupervised settings and in evaluation closer to severa ultra-modern vicinity model techniques. It can be used to provide someone with a short and touch-a good deal a good buy lots a brilliant deal tons much less input desire which can be employed for programs in Human-Computer Interaction. It includes the individual to preserve a similarly bodily tool which can be bulky for the users. A multivariate time-collection recorded the use of 3-axis accelerometer and gyroscope of an Inertial Measurement Unit (IMU) located at the wrist of the dominant hand of a human problem on the identical time as writing uppercase English alphabets workplace art work the enter for the method. The second degree is the classifier C. that is a mapping from the latent location obtained from the encoder(A) to one-of-a-kind alphabets. After discarding the projection head on the prevent of Stage 1 of the education process, the general version has the identical quantity of parameters as an regular beauty version informed with Cross-Entropy Loss at inference time. The following one-of-a-kind architectures for the Encoder block. Ablations at the hyper parameters for one-of-a-kind encoder architectures.

- 1) 1DCNN
- 2) LSTM and BiLSTM
- 3) 1DCNN-LSTM/BiLSTM

The ReLU activation characteristic is used to stimulate a single layer of 128 neurons withinside the projection head. The flow into Entropy Loss is used to teach the kind network. The impact of changing the projection head length and temperature parameter g is shown. In this paper, we used accelerometer and gyroscope inputs from a wrist-worn motion sensor to analyze a supervised contrastive loss-based absolutely absolutely surely in reality in reality certainly framework for airwriting identification. On a publicly available dataset (deliver dataset), the proposed technique outperforms the state-of-the-art, at the identical time as moreover improving recognition accuracy on an unknown cause dataset. Future research will examine precise bias lessen rate strategies for dataset/user-style precise biases.

Nimisha K P and Agnes Jacob [3] proposed a signal language (SL) is a nonverbal art work shape that lets in us to precise our mind and feelings. For the deaf and dumb community, signal language is the number one mode of communication. They commonly talk with numerous hand gestures. The predominant strategies for SLR are (i) picture primarily based totally absolutely in truth and (ii) sensor primarily based totally absolutely in truth. The key advantage of this technique is the short response time. They are in particular accurate. It makes use of excessive price sensors it isn't an entire lot tons much less high-priced for the no longer unusual place deaf people. The super steps involved are Image acquisition, Image pre-processing, Feature Extraction, Sign Classification and Sign Translation. Different techniques primarily based totally absolutely totally on visible and records gloves may be used to recognize signal language. The majority of structures do now no longer comprise facial features. Feature extraction in VBA makes use of numerous techniques together with YOLO, CNN, PCA, and others. The pre-expert version is the maximum ultra-contemporary-day and quickest of those techniques. It's furthermore the first-rate as it employs hundreds of records, which contributes to first-rate accuracy, it truly is the SLR's important goal. SVM, ANN, and CNN classifiers are used withinside the splendor stage. All of those techniques are notably accurate. Despite all the proposed methodologies and trials which have been examined, a near-first-rate tool for signal translation stays an extended manner off.

P. Sharma and N. Sharma [4] In the current situation, most communication is done through vocal sounds and body language gestures. Vocal sounds are crucial in communication, but they can also be distracting. With the passage of time, many body language expressions take on greater significance. Even in a few cases, body language had a significant impact. Communication between deaf and dumb individuals plays a vital function. for example: A method is defined in this paper for Recognizing Gesture and Posture is a

skill that can be learned. This work's application is in the domain of HCI (Human Computer Interaction) based systems. Principal Component Analysis (PCA) and Singular Value Decomposition (SVD) methods are utilized to extract features from input photos, and a neural network is trained to identify motions using these characteristics. In any body image, the proposed methodology recognised distinct postures and motions. The results are more precise than prior efforts. However, the background in the suggested technique is homogeneous, and just a few types of motions and postures are detected. A novel method is defined and implemented of recognizing the gesture and body pose recognition using SVD-PCA approach and feed forward artificial neural network. The neural network generates confusion matrices, which are used to calculate the results. Here, we formalise them in a tabular technique that displays the percentage of observed gestures and postures that are correctly recognised. In any body image, the proposed methodology recognised distinct postures and motions. The results are more precise than prior efforts. However, the background in the suggested technique is homogeneous, and just a few types of motions and postures are detected.

B. Nandwana, S. Tazi, S. Trivedi, D. Kumar and S. K. Vipparthi, [5] proposed a Hand gesture recognition systems are gaining popularity these days due to the ease with which humans and machines can interact. The goal of hand gesture development is to improve communication between humans and computers for the purpose of transmitting information. This paper provides an overview of current hand gesture recognition technology, both static and dynamic. It displays all of the methods for hand gesture recognition that have been employed in various research papers. In gesture recognition method, a camera displays the human body movements and communicates the data to a computer that uses the gestures as input to control gadgets or application. In this survey research, we look at the basics of hand gesture recognition and discover that, in comparison to vision-based technologies and glove-based methods, the kinect sensor is commonly employed. In comparison to static hand gestures, dynamic hand gesture recognition necessitates more computing. In a number of computer applications, hand gestures provide an interesting interaction domain.

J. Yashas and G. Shivakumar [6] We give a review of the literature on hand gesture recognition in this study (HGR). After achieving all of the greatest feasible data collecting methods, such as cameras, wrist sensors, and hand gloves, they are no longer a worry. The focus now is on extracting features from accessible data and improving feature extraction using algorithms. These techniques have also been investigated, and in recent papers, a problem related with one approach of feature extraction has been solved by combining it with another way of feature extraction. Recent publications in HGR discuss the integration of multi-modal information such as skeletal joint information, depth, and RGB pictures as input entities, with problems related with one modal being solved by another. Data acquisition can be made by using a

camera or hand. Sensors like Microsoft Kinect, Leap motion controller, ASUS Xtion, and others can help solve the data collecting problem to the best of their abilities. Now, the focus of study is on data learning, data similarity, and a set of algorithms that are best suited to the type of data being obtained. Deep learning, Convolutional Neural Network (CNN), Adapted Convolutional Neural Network (ADCNN), and Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) are some of the learning methods employed.

Y. Lu, C. Guo, X. Dai and F. -Y. Wang [7] proposed a Machine learning in fine art paintings has recently gotten a lot of interest. Painting image captioning is critical for painting study, yet it is rarely explored. Because the paintings contain abstract expressions and no annotated datasets, painting captioning becomes a data-hungry task. As a result, painting captioning presents greater difficulties than captioning photographic images. This work attempts to generate content descriptors for paintings in an innovative way. The solution follows two steps. We demonstrate our advances by evaluating our technique on an annotated small-scale painting captioning dataset. We train the model on generated virtual paintings to solve the data-hungry problem in image captioning, presenting meaningful improvements. BLEU [18] (BLEU implies calculating BLEU score using n-gram tokenizing), CIDEr [19], METEOR [20], ROUGE L [21], and SPICE [22] are some of the standard image captioning job metrics that we use to evaluate our model. Table. I compare the results of our models on a real painting dataset to a baseline model trained just on the MSCOCO dataset. where our CNN+LSTM model is compared to the baseline model and the ground truth. The positive and negative statements are highlighted in bold. We can see that our model has improved in terms of correcting the baseline model's erroneous descriptions, such as object recognition, scene recognition, and object relationships. This research takes a fresh approach to the challenge of fine art painting image captioning. To train the painting captioning model, we created virtual artworks. In future work, we can utilize more complex picture captioning systems and more annotated paintings to assess our approaches performance.

M. Ranawat, M. Rajadhyaksha, N. Lakhani and R. Shankarmani [8] proposed a technology that does not need any extra devices to do the mouse activities. The web-cam follows the user's hands, recognising specified movements and executing the relevant mouse operations. This system was created in Python with the help of OpenCV and PyAutoGUI. Background settings, the impact of illuminance variations, and skin colour were all tested separately by the researchers. Methodology involves following steps Image Capturing and Preprocessing, Hand Detection, Gesture Recognition and Event Triggering. This application includes simple movement like moving up and down, and opening and closing applications, left and right-click, double-click using hands. The background will not affect the hand tracking. Skin colour and hand size does not affect. Some exceptions like the gesture 'Paper' when held for long time acts as double-click.

To overcome the above problem we are creating two different frames for gesture recognition and for writing. The implementation of this application has been successful. In low-light situations, the conversion of colour space from RGB to HSV has improved accuracy. Because face detection and subsequent face subtraction have been performed, the presence of the user's face in the backdrop has no effect on the results. The accuracy of the CNN model in recognising gestures has greatly improved after a custom dataset with predefined motions was created.

Pranavi Srungavarapu, Eswar Pavan Maganti, Srilekha Sakhamuri, Sai Pavan Kalyan Veerada and Anuradha Chinta[9] developed a Virtual Sketch using Open CV. We can draw with a virtual sketch by simply catching the movement of a colored pen with a web-cam. The marker is usually a single colored item near the tip of the finger. Python and openCV are used. Color tracking and detecting processes are used. The color marker used in this case is identified, and a mask is created. Frame detection and conversion of BGR color to HSV. Creating canvas. Set the track bar values to locate the colored marker's mask. The mask is pre-processed. Arrays are used to draw points on the canvas. On the frames and canvas, draw the points stored in an array. Different writing space / frame is created using frame subtraction. Since blue color pointer is used for writing, the blue color (other than the pointer) in the frame is also detected which reduces the accuracy. We are using media pipe for hand tracking, and color will not affect the model. This application provides the user with an interactive environment in which he may draw whatever he wants using a colour palette. As a result, we can deduce that Virtual Sketch was created utilizing the NumPy library and OpenCV, which includes several libraries and algorithms that make the interfaces more alive while in use.

Gangadhara Rao Kommu [10] proposed an Efficient Tool For Online Teaching Using OPENCV. The primary purpose of computer vision is to recognise and identify distinct objects of various sizes, shapes, and locations. The illumination and viewpoint of the item are two important challenges in computer vision; yet, several experiments on detecting and recognising objects have demonstrated a high level of accuracy and precision in these tasks. The proposed work allows the user to track the movement of any cultivated object of his or her choice in order to facilitate object detection online. The user can also select which colours should be shown. The camera is triggered when the app is run, allowing the user to sketch in the air simply by waving the tracker object. The drawing is also visible on the white frame at the same time. The instructor can draw with any of the colours given above and can also clear the screen if necessary. This application will be built utilizing opencv and python computer vision techniques. Different writing space/frame is created using frame subtraction. Font size cannot be changed. To enhance the hand tracking we used OpenCV. We are adding font size selection. We created a free-hand painting programmer that detects the user's pointer finger

using OpenCV. Colorful lines can be drawn anywhere the user wants, and the brush can be changed.

S.U. Saoji, Nistha Dua, Akash Kumar C, Bharat Phogat [11] proposed a method of identifying and interpreting a continuous stream of movements based on a set of input data is known as gestural recognition. Gestures are non-verbal information used to improve computer language comprehension. A computer vision program analyzes various gestures by analyzing human vision. The project takes advantage of this gap by concentrating on the development of a motion-to-text converter that might be used as software for intelligent wearable gadgets that allow users to write from the air. The system will employ computer vision to trace the route of the finger, allowing for writing from above. The created text can be utilised for a variety of applications, including sending messages and e-mails. For the deaf, it will be a strong way of communication. It is an efficient communication approach. Methods are as follows, Writing Hand Pose Detection, Hand Region Segmentation, Hand Centroid Localization, Fingertip Tracking, Colour Tracking of Object at fingertip, Contour Detection of the Mask of Colour Object and Drawing the Line using the position of the contour. Frame subtraction has been done. Edge enhancement is done. This model uses blue tip for writing. Blue tip tracking is neglected. Sending messages as the generated text can be done. This technology has the ability to put standard writing techniques to the test. It eliminates the need to write down notes on a mobile phone by giving an easy on-the-go method to do so. It will also be very useful in assisting persons with disabilities to communicate more freely. The technology is easy to use even for senior individuals or those who have difficulty using keyboards. This technology can soon be used to operate IoT devices, extending its capability. It is also feasible to draw in the air. This solution will be fantastic software for smart wearables, allowing individuals to interact with the digital world more effectively. Text can be brought to life via augmented reality. The accuracy and speed of fingertip recognition can be improved with upcoming object detection techniques like YOLO v3. Artificial intelligence breakthroughs will improve the efficiency of air-writing in the future.

Yash Patil, Mihir Paun, Deep Paun, Karunesh Singh, Vishal Kisan Borate, [12] Virtual Painting with OpenCV Using Python, Video monitoring and processing have turned out to be more and more crucial in current technologies. This records may be applied for quite a few studies initiatives or to symbolize a selected final results on a sure gadget. To achieve the favored final results, quite a few techniques for records processing and manipulation are available. This painting program became made to assemble a picture they have used the OpenCV package deal and the Python programming language, it truly is an apex gadget studying tool. Such as this application This paint-like python application uses the OpenCV library to process real-time webcam records. To observe an object of interest (in this case, a bottle cap) and allow the character to cool animated film via moving the difficulty makes drawing clean topics every

amusing and tough. The first step in spotting an Object of Interest is to section it. It is the technique of isolating an entire picture (on this example, an Object of Interest picture) into sections with described bounds. A hit popularity technique starts with a great segmentation technique, which ends up in a first-rate characteristic extraction process. The OpenCV modules for picture processing, Implementation Method: For this device getting to know application, We used the Python programming language together with the OpenCV library to create code. Implementation Method: For this tool analyzing application, we used the Python programming language together with the OpenCV library to create code.

Prajakta Vidhate, Revati Khadse, Saina Rasal [13] Virtual Paint Application By Hand Gesture Recognition System, Gesture reputation is a ultra-modern branch of technology. On a Windows PC, we increase a smooth customer interface for speak me with MSPAINT. The customer's hand motions are probably analyzed using the virtual camera to deliver a command to the MS PAINT utility. To accomplish speedy and constant gesture detection in real times without any distance limits, a web virtual camera is employed to extract hand movements. Gesture, internet virtual camera, Hand, Algorithm, Sense, Paint, Human, Control, and so on are some of the index terms Our venture intends to increase a virtual paint application that allows clients to draw with inside the air on the equal time because the machine recognizes their motions. first It counts the huge sort of palms with the resource of the use of locating convexity deficiencies amongst adjacent palms of the hand. Background subtraction (BS) is a well-known method for generating a foreground mask using static cameras (i.e., a binary photograph comprising the pixels belonging to transferring gadgets with inside the scene). As the decision implies, BS constructs the foreground mask with the resource of the use of subtracting the present day frame from a background model that includes the static issue of the photograph, or, extra broadly, the whole lot that can be labelled background given the parameters of the located The hand photograph is extracted from the backdrop using hand segmentation. Contours are the curves that be part of all of the non-prevent elements along a border, all of which might be the same intensity. Gesture reputation allows you to carry out your virtual paint utility whilst now no longer having to use a much off control or perhaps your laptop's screen. For example, if we float our palms to the right side, we're capable of draw a rectangle, and if we float our palms to the left side, we're capable of draw a circle. We endorse a solution for a virtual paint application that uses a hand reputation technology.

Vijay Kumar Sharma, Vimal Kumar, Md. Iqbal, Sachin Tawara, Vishal Jayaswal [14] proposed an article suggests a manner for controlling the cursor's place without the need of any electric powered equipment. While actions collectively with clicking and dragging subjects is probably completed using several hand gestures. This have a take a have a look at offers a manner for controlling the cursor's place without the need of any electric powered equipment. The tool that has

been proposed is used to control the pointer using detecting the human hand and shifting the pointer with in the course with in the human hand respectively. The tool Control clean feature of the mouse collectively with left-clicking, dragging and cursor movement. The proposed tool is used to control the resource of detecting the human hand and moving the pointer with in the path with in the human hand respectively. the tool Control clean feature of the mouse collectively with left-clicking, dragging and cursor movement.

Abhilash SS, Light Thomas, Naveen Wilson, Chaitanya C, [15] This research proposes a new camera vision-based cursor control system that uses hand movements extracted from a webcam using a color detection algorithm. The system will allow the user to move the computer cursor with their fingers, click the left mouse button and drag with the hand colored caps or ribbons, will be performed with a variety of movements of the hand. Moreover, it performs simultaneous file transfer between two networks. Systems. The suggested system is based only on a low-cost component. A high-resolution webcam capable of tracking and acting as a sensor, Two-dimensional colored plugs are held in the hands of users. Python and OpenCV will be used to implement the system. The most natural and easiest way of communication is hand gesture communication. The camera output can be checked on the monitor. Color detection will be used to acquire information about the shape and position of the gesture. Python server programming is used to implement the file transfer technique.

3. CONCLUSIONS

Gesture recognition allows for the most natural human-machine connection. Gesture recognition is also crucial for the development of new human-computer interaction modes. It makes it possible for humans to interact with machines in a more natural manner. Gesture recognition has a wide range of applications, including deaf and dumb people's sign language recognition, robot control, and so on. The image processing skills of OpenCV are presented. The ultimate objective is to develop a computer vision machine learning application that encourages people to participate in sports. Man-Machine Interaction (MMI), is the relationship between a human and a computer or, more specifically, a machine. Because the machine is useless without proper human use, there are two main characteristics to consider when designing an HCI system: functionality and usability. The amount and breadth to which the system can operate and execute defined user purposes efficiently was referred to as system usability, while the system functionality referred to the range of operations or services that is delivered to users by the system.

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