

# HEART DISEASES PREDICTION USING MACHINE LEARNING APPROACH

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**Abstract-** The diagnose of heart diseases in the most cases depends on a complex combination of clinical and pathological data because of this complexity there is a significant amount of interest among clinical professional and research regarding the efficient and accurate prediction of heart diseases. In these paper we have develop a heart diseases prediction system that can help medical professional in predicting heart diseases status based on clinical data of patients. Our approaches uses three steps firstly we use important clinical feartures i.e , age, sex, chestpain, trestbps, cholesterol, fastingbloodsugar, resting ecg, old peak, slope, vessels colored and thal. Secondly we develop an algorithm for classifying heart diseases based on these clinical features. The accuracy of prediction is nearly 80% correct estimated and finally we develop HDPS(heart diseases prediction system) it will be containing different section like, input clinical data section and prediction performance display section. And advantages of our approach will be less execution time, accuracy, specificity, and predict result. so are approach is effective in predicting the Heart Diseases.

**Keywords:** Coronary heart disease (CHD), Contributory factor, Prevention.

**I. Introduction:-** Heart is an important organ of the human body. It pumps blood to every part of our anatomy. If it fails to function correctly, then the brain and various other organs will stop working, and within few minutes, the person will die. Change in lifestyle, work related stress and bad food habits contribute to the increase in rate of several heart related diseases. Until now, Heart diseases have emerged as one of the most prominent cause of death all around world. Heart related diseases are responsible for the taking 17.7 million lives every year, 31% of all global deaths. Thus, feasible and accurate prediction of heart related diseases is very important. Therefore, we can use data mining technologies to discover knowledge from the datasets. The healthcare organizations for improving

the quality of service, it can use the discovered knowledge. Medical organizations, all around the world, collect data on various health related issues. These data can be exploited using various machine-learning techniques to gain useful insights. Anticipating patient's future behavior on the given history is one of the important applications of data mining techniques that can be used in healthcare management. A major challenge facing healthcare organizations (hospitals, medical centers) is the provision of quality services at affordable costs. Diagnosing the disease correctly & providing effective treatment to patients will define the quality of service. Poor decisions can lead to major consequences, which are therefore unacceptable. Hospitals must also minimize the cost of clinical tests. They can achieve these results by employing appropriate computer-based information and/or decision support systems. Healthcare data is massive It includes patient data, resource management data, and transformed data. Healthcare organizations must have the ability to analyze data. Treatment records of millions of patients can be stored and computerized and data mining techniques may help in answering several important and critical questions related to health care. Major decisions are often made based on doctor's intuition and experience rather than on the knowledge-rich data hidden in the database. This practice leads to unwanted problems and excessive medical costs, which affects the quality of service, provided to patients. It should proposed that integration of major decision support with computer-based patient records could reduce medical problems, enhance patient safety, decrease unwanted medical practice, and improve patient heath. This suggestion is promising as data modelling and analysis tools, e.g., data mining, have the potential to generate a knowledge-rich environment, which can help to improve the quality of making major decisions related to heart disease.

## II. Literature Surve.

There are numerous work has been done related to diseases prediction system using different machine learning algorithm and data mining Techniques in medical Centres .

NO	Technique used	Algorithm	Accuracy
1	Efficient heart diseases prediction system using decision tree	Decision tree classifier	86% for testing phase.

			83% for testing phase.
2	Heart diseases diagnoses Using Artificial Neural Network	Artificial Neural Network	88%
3	Prediction of heart disease Using WEKA Tools	K star	75%
		J48	86%
		SMO	89%
		Baves Net	87%
		Multilayer Perception	86%
4	Evaluate the performance of different machine learning technique for Heart Diseases Prediction	Naive Bayes	83%
		KVM	80%
		Logistic Regression	85%
		Classification Tree	77%
5	Different Data Mining approaches for heart diseases prediction	WEKA Tool, MATLAB Neural Network	84%
6	Intelligent Heart Diseases Prediction using Big Data	Hadoop, Mahaout, Naïve Bayes	Automation of the system makes extremely advantageous
7	Heart Diseases Prediction using ANN algorithm in Data Mining	ANN	Accuracy proved in Java
8	Prediction and analysis the occurrence of heart diseases using Data mining technique	J48, Naive Bayes, Support System Machine	It gives short time result which helps to give quality of services and reduce individual cost
9	Analysis of Cardiovascular disease using Data Mining Technique	J48	91.4%
		Naïve Bayes	88.5%
		Simple CART	92.2%
10	Prediction and diagnosis of Heart Diseases by Data Mining Technique	J48, Naïve Bayes, SMO, KNN	J48 gives better Accuracy than other three techniques

### III. System Implementation:-

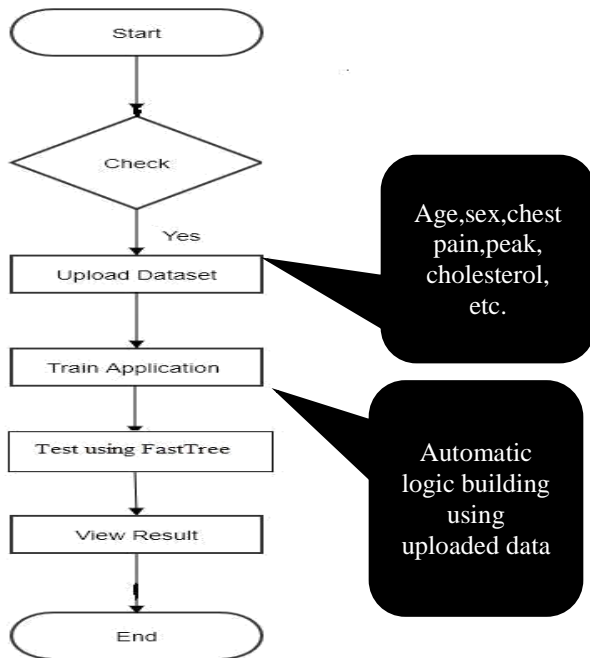
Heart diseases prediction is a web-based machine learning, trained by a UCI dataset.

The user inputs its specific medical details to get the prediction of heart disease for that user. The algorithm will calculate the probability of presence of heart disease.

The result will be displayed on the webpage itself. Thus, minimizing the cost and time required to predict the disease. Format of data plays crucial part in this application at the time of uploading the user data.

Application will check its proper file format and if it not as per need then ERROR dialog box will be prompted.

### System Design



### Algorithm Details:

FastTree is an efficient implementation of the Mart gradient boosting algorithm. Gradient boosting is a machine learning technique for regression problems. It builds each regression tree in a step-wise fashion, using a predefined loss function to measure the error for each step and corrects for it in the next. So this prediction model is actually an ensemble of weaker prediction models. In regression problems, boosting builds a series of such trees in a step-wise fashion and then selects the optimal tree using an arbitrary differentiable loss function.

MART learns an ensemble of regression trees, which is a decision tree with scalar values in its leaves. A decision (or regression) tree is a binary tree-like flow chart, where at each interior node one decides which of the two child nodes to continue to based on one of the feature values from the input. At each leaf node, a value is returned. In the interior nodes, the decision is based on the test  $x \leq v$  where  $x$  is the value of the feature in the input sample and  $v$  is one of the possible values of this feature. The functions that can be produced by a regression tree are all the piecewise constant functions.

The ensemble of trees is produced by computing, in each step, a regression tree that approximates the gradient of the loss function, and adding it to the previous tree with coefficients that minimize the loss of the new tree. The

output of the ensemble produced by MART on a given instance is the sum of the tree outputs.

- In case of a binary classification problem, the output is converted to a probability by using some form of calibration.
- In case of a regression problem, the output is the predicted value of the function.
- In case of a ranking problem, the instances are ordered by the output value of the ensemble.

### IV. RESULT

The system goes through various stages in order to get the required result. The data which is provided by the user is considered for testing which exactly matches with the data contained in the training dataset.

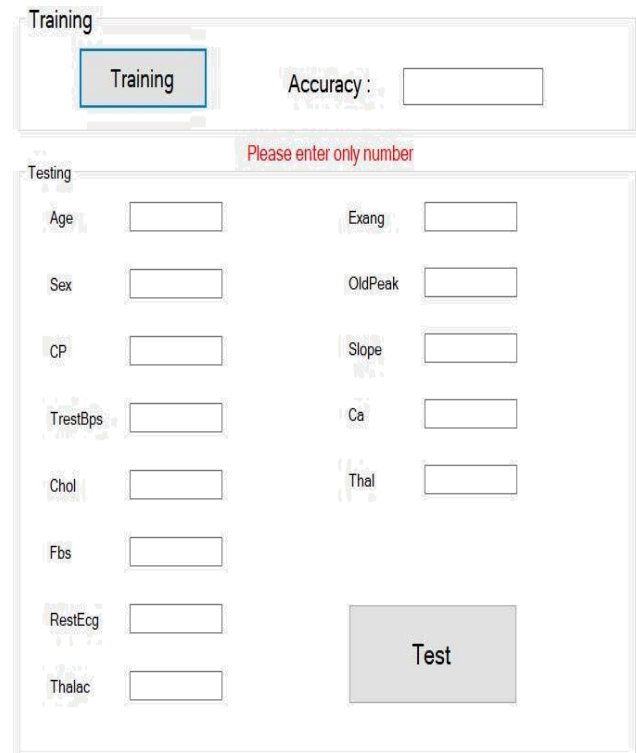


Fig 1. User Input Panel

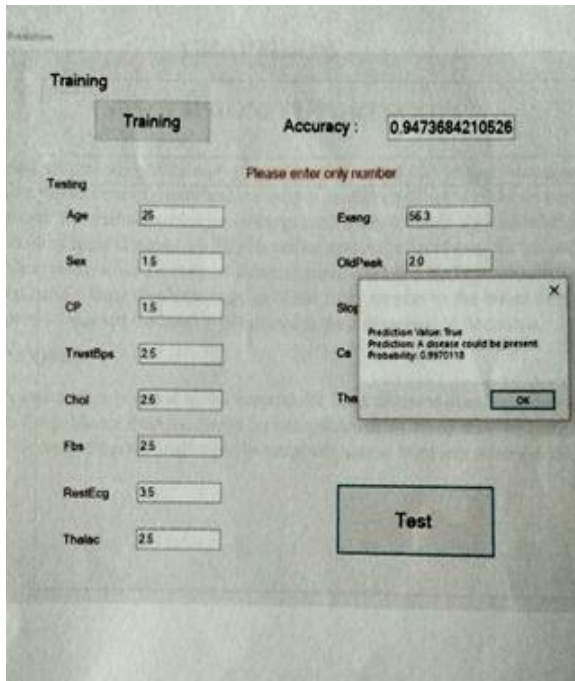


Fig 2. The output

(Figure and refer it in the paragraph that precedes the figure)

### V. Conculsion:

Heart Disease is one of the foremost issues for society these days it is hard to manually determine the percentage of having heart sickness based on hazard factors however, device gaining knowledge of technique are beneficial to expect the output from present record . The main contribution of the present study is to accurate prediction of heart diseases. Using fast tree approaches it will predicate accuracy of diseases in more proper manner so they can take immediately precaution towards it. Finally a system is developed for the end user to check the risk of heart diseases on the basis of assumed parameters. The experimental results show that large number of the rules support to the better determines of heart diseases that even support the heart professional in their diagnosis in decisions. In future it can be help for people to diagnoses by itself by installing health application in their personal devices from which then can recognize the issues and consult towards the Doctors.

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